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## **Development of Next Gen**eration Mass Spectrometry **System Accelerates Early Diagnosis of Diseases and New Drug Discovery**

Development of the next generation mass spectrometry system and contribution toward drug discovery and diagnostics

Identifying the cause of disease from a drop of blood and realizing a longevous, healthy society

ass spectrometry (MS) is the method of weighing the mass of molecules and analyzing their content. As this method is used to measure the base quantity of compounds produced by living organisms in nature and human beings, it is widely applied in various fields of science and technology. Amongst its applications, its contributions to medicine and pharmaceuticals have been most spotlighted in recent years.

bout 60 to 70% of the human body is made of water, and more than half of the remaining materials is complicated protein structures. When we fall ill, it is expected that some changes have occurred in these proteins. The mass of one protein is 1/100 million of 1/100 million of a milligram, virtually invisible to our eyes. If a few hundred thousand proteins could be quantified selectively at high sensitivity, this would contribute significantly to the early diagnosis of diseases, new treatment methods, and development of new drugs.

n this project, we aim to jointly develop the world's best performance next generation mass spectrometry system through cooperation between industry, academia, and government. We will carry out research enabling innovative diagnosis and new drug development for diseases such as cancer and Alzheimer's disease even from the proteins contained in one drop of blood.

Our aim is to develop next generation mass spectrometry system with 10,000-fold greater sensitivity than current systems, and Interdisciplinary research - to be encouraged especially as this is a new area of research, and great for fostering young researchers ncers and Alzheimer's disea ass spectrometry is a young and promising science, and there remains much to be explored. from even a single drop of blood, as well as new drug Moreover, it is a new scientific field which can only be established through mutual understanding, cooperation, and sharing of ideas between researchers and engineers from various fields of specialty. Through this research and development, we aim to promote integration of different academic areas as well as creating new ones. We also hope to provide good research environments for young researchers where they can overcome failures they meet along the way and continue their challenge to make new discoveries. It is well known that quantitative and/or qualitative changes in protein in the body can be either a cause or a consequence of disease. Although still halfway through our goal, we have developed a method that can detect such changes at a maximum 1000-fold sensitivity. The method has detected, for the first time in the world, the variations in the sugar chain attached to HER2, a type of protein related to breast cancer.



FIRST PROGRAM